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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/005,337	12/07/2001	Patrick Benoit	08888.0530	9440
759	90 09/23/2003			
Finnegan, Henderson, Farabow, Garrett & Dunner, L.L.P. 1300 I Street, N.W.			EXAMINER	
			GIBBS, TERRA C	
Washington, DO	20005-3315		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBI	
			1635	8
			DATE MAILED: 09/23/2003	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

-		Application N .	Applicant(s)
		10/005,337	BENOIT ET AL.
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
		Terra C. Gibbs	1635
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	pears on the cover sheet with	the correspondence address
- Exte after - If the - If NC - Failu - Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply operiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ad patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (3 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTH	y be timely filed 30) days will be considered timely. S from the mailing date of this communication.
1)	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·	
2a) <u></u> □		s action is non-final.	•
3)□ Dispositi	Since this application is in condition for allowa closed in accordance with the practice under <i>l</i> on of Claims	nce except for formal matter	rs, prosecution as to the merits is 11, 453 O.G. 213.
4)🖂	Claim(s) 1-39 is/are pending in the application.		
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw		
	Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)[Claim(s) is/are rejected.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
	Claim(s) <u>1-39</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	lection requirement	
Application	on Papers	out of the first o	
ן [(9	The specification is objected to by the Examiner		
10)∐ T	he drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)□ accept	ted or b) objected to by the	Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the		
11)∐ T	he proposed drawing correction filed on	is: a) approved b) disa	pproved by the Examiner.
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in repl	y to this Office action.	•
12)∐ T	he oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	miner.	
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120		
13) 🗌 📝	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 1	19(a)-(d) or (f).
a)[] All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	-	
•	1. Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received.	
2	2. Certified copies of the priority documents		cation No.
	B. Copies of the certified copies of the priorit application from the International Bure the attached detailed Office action for a list of	y documents have been rec	eived in this National Stage
14) 🗌 Ac	knowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. & 1	19(e) (to a provisional application)
a)	☐ The translation of the foreign language provi	isional application has been	received
15)[] Ad	knowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	priority under 35 U.S.C. §§	120 and/or 121.
ttachment(5)		
2) 🔲 Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Inform	mary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) nal Patent Application (PTO-152)
Patent and Trad OL-326 (Rev	. 04.04)	on Summary	<u> </u>

Office Action Summary

Art Unit: 1635

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 1-39 are pending in the instant application.

Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- I. Claims 1-39, drawn to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:1, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:1, an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to said polynucleotide, and a vector comprising said expression cassette, classifiable in class 536, subclass 24.5.
- II. Claims 1-39, drawn to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:2, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:2, an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to said polynucleotide, and a vector comprising said expression cassette, classifiable in class 536, subclass 24.5.
- III. Claims 34 and 35, drawn to a transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:1, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:1, classifiable in class 800, subclass 3.
- IV. Claims 34 and 35, drawn to a transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:2, or a

Art Unit: 1635

fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:2, classifiable in class 800, subclass 3.

- V. Claims 37 and 38, drawn to a method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells in vivo, comprising administering an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:1, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:1, classifiable in class 514, subclass 44.
- VI. Claims 37 and 38, drawn to a method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells in vivo, comprising administering an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:2, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:2, classifiable in class 514, subclass 44.

The inventions are distinct, each from the other because of the following reasons:

Inventions of Group I and II are related to the inventions of Groups V and VI as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP § 806.05(h)). In the instant case the products can be used in materially different processes of use. For example, the polynucleotides of Groups I and II can be used as hybridization probes in a method to identify gene expression, which is a materially

Art Unit: 1635

different process than a method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells in vivo as in Groups V and VI.

The polynucleotides of Groups I and II are related to the transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to said polynucleotides of Groups III and IV by virtue of encoding same. Although the polynucleotide and transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to said polynucleotide are related because the transgenic nonhuman animal comprises a reporter gene linked to said polynucleotide, they are distinct inventions because they are physically and functionally distinct chemical entities, and the polynucleotide product can be used by another and materially different process other than the production of the transgenic nonhuman animal comprising said polynucleotide, such as a hybridization probe to identify gene expression.

Although the compositions of Groups I and II are related because they are drawn to a polynucleotide, they are patentably distinct from each other. Although there are no provisions under the section for "Relationship of Inventions" in MPEP 806.05 for inventive groups that are directed to related compositions, restriction is deemed to be proper because these compositions constitute patentably distinct inventions for the following reasons: Group I employs SEQ ID NO:1 which would include different a molecule with a different chemical and physical structure not included in Group II (SEQ ID NO:2) so that independent searches of the prior art would be required that would constitute a serious burden on the Examiner. For example, a search of the polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:1, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:1 of Group I would not encompass all of the art relevant to the

Art Unit: 1635

polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:2, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:2 of Group II. Thus, they are patentably distinct from each other.

Although the transgenic nonhuman animal of Groups III and IV are related because they are drawn to a transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to a polynucleotide, they are patentably distinct from each other. Although there are no provisions under the section for "Relationship of Inventions" in MPEP 806.05 for inventive groups that are directed to related compositions, restriction is deemed to be proper because these compositions constitute patentably distinct inventions for the following reasons: Group III employs a transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:1 which would include different a molecule with a different chemical and physical structure not included in Group IV, a transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:2, so that independent searches of the prior art would be required that would constitute a serious burden on the Examiner. For example, a search of the transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:1 of Group III would not encompass all of the art relevant to the transgenic nonhuman animal comprising a reporter gene linked to a polynucleotide of SEQ ID NO:2 of Group IV. Thus, they are patentably distinct from each other.

Although the methods of Groups V and VI are related because they are drawn to a method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells *in vivo*, they are patentably distinct from each other. Although there are no provisions under the section for "Relationship of Inventions" in MPEP 806.05 for inventive groups that are directed to related methods, restriction is deemed to be proper because these methods constitute patentably distinct inventions for the following

Art Unit: 1635

reasons: Group V employs a method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells in vivo, comprising administering an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:1, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:1, which would include different a molecule with a different chemical and physical structure not included in Group VI, a method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells in vivo, comprising administering an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEO ID NO:2, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:2, so that independent searches of the prior art would be required that would constitute a serious burden on the Examiner. For example, a search of the method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells in vivo, comprising administering an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEQ ID NO:1, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO1: of Group V would not encompass all of the art relevant to the a method for expressing a protein or an RNA in cells in vivo, comprising administering an expression cassette comprising a sequence encoding a protein or an RNA linked to a polynucleotide comprising a fragment of SEO ID NO:2, or a fragment of a sequence that hybridizes with SEQ ID NO:2 of Group VI. The Inventions of Groups V and VI are materially distinct methods which differ in reagents and/or dosages, and criteria for success. Thus, they are patentably distinct from each other.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art as shown by their different classification and have acquired a separate

Art Unit: 1635

status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter, restriction for examination

purposes as indicated is proper.

Applicant is advised that the reply to this requirement to be complete must include an

Page 7

election of the invention to be examined even though the requirement be traversed (37

CFR 1.143).

Applicant is reminded that upon the cancellation of claims to a non-elected invention, the

inventorship must be amended in compliance with 37 CFR 1.48(b) if one or more of the

currently named inventors is no longer an inventor of at least one claim remaining in the

application. Any amendment of inventorship must be accompanied by a petition under 37

CFR 1.48(b) and by the fee required under 37 CFR 1.17(I).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Terra C. Gibbs whose telephone number is (703) 306-3221. The

examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, John L. LeGuyader can be reached on (703) 308-0447.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0196.

tcg

September 11, 2003

KAREN A. LACOURCIERE, PH.D

a Adamiere

PRIMARY EXAMINER